



COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA
PENNSYLVANIA PUBLIC UTILITY COMMISSION
400 NORTH STREET, HARRISBURG, PA 17120

IN REPLY PLEASE
REFER TO OUR FILE

November 1, 2018

Dr. Emilie M. Lonardi, Superintendent
Downingtown Area School District
540 Trestle Place
Downingtown, Pennsylvania 19335

Dr. Eleanor DiMarino-Linnen, Acting Superintendent
Rose Tree Media School District
308 North Olive Street
Media, Pennsylvania 19063

Dr. James R. Scanlon, Superintendent
West Chester Area School District
829 Paoli Pike
West Chester, Pennsylvania 19380

RE: Mariner 2 Pipeline Project
Joint Letter dated October 23, 2018 to Paul Metro

Dear Drs. Lonardi, DiMarino-Linnen, and Scanlon:

Thank you for your joint letter dated October 23, 2018 on behalf of the school districts you represent regarding the Sunoco Pipeline projects located in Chester and Delaware Counties. I am aware that you also faxed the letter to Chairman Gladys Brown of the Commission.

The Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission's (PUC) Bureau of Investigation and Enforcement (I&E) is responsible for pipeline and electric safety throughout the Commonwealth. I&E is an independent arm of the Commission and does not speak on behalf of the Commission. We have 23 engineers stationed across the Commonwealth inspecting jurisdictional facilities daily. Our Pipeline Safety Section employs 18 federally certified engineers. Our Pipeline Safety Program works jointly with the federal Pipeline and Hazardous Material Safety Administration (PHMSA) in performing inspections on the Sunoco projects. The PUC's safety responsibilities are the highest priority for the Commission.

During the last two (2) years, our safety staff has inspected various Sunoco facilities more than 200 hundred days. Our engineers work on Sunoco projects daily conducting any one of 43 different types of inspections to ensure compliance with the federal and state codes.

Within your letter you request answers to three (3) questions. The answers to the questions are as follows:

1. What is the risk for unprotected valve stations, currently many of these valve stations have temporary fencing without adequate protection from possible accident?

Answer: The risks identified to these stations are included within the Integrity Management Plan maintained by Sunoco and reviewed and inspected by the PUC Pipeline Safety Section and PHMSA on a regular basis. There are eight (8) valve stations located in the GRE 12 Section (bypass) in Chester County. All valve stations except for one (1) are protected by a permanent fence that is secured. One (1) valve station is currently being constructed and has temporary fencing until construction is complete. The valves are locked and secured at this station during construction and meet all federal standards. Additionally, Sunoco will install rectangular concrete blocks at the Dorlan Mill Road station.

2. Is it safe to run natural gas liquid through this 12-inch pipe?

Answer: The responsibility of the PUC Pipeline Safety Section and PHMSA is to monitor and enforce compliance to the state and federal regulations. It is Sunoco's responsibility is to operate and maintain their pipeline facilities in a safe manner through practices and procedures that are in compliance with state and federal regulations.

Examples of actions undertaken by Sunoco to ensure that the referenced pipeline is safe include:

Hydrostatic (non-flowing water) Testing:

Sunoco has performed two (2) hydrostatic pressure tests on the GRE 12 (Bypass Line) in consecutive years; October 2017 and September 2018. No leaks were discovered in either test. These tests have been reviewed and inspected by the PUC Pipeline Safety staff and PHMSA.

Additionally, the GRE 12 (Bypass Line) is currently holding pressure.

Hydrostatic testing is periodically used to assess the integrity of hazardous liquid and gas transmission pipelines. If a pipeline successfully passes a hydrostatic pressure test, it can be assumed that no hazardous defects are present in the tested pipe.

Integrity Management Plans

Sunoco's integrity management programs and plans for the affected pipeline facilities have been reviewed and inspected by the PUC Pipeline Safety staff and PHMSA. Integrity management requires operators to proactively anticipate hazards, evaluate risks and identify preventative and mitigative actions to manage operational changes that have the potential to increase the risk of failure or the increase in potential consequences of a failure.

PHMSA Flow Reversal Guidelines:

In addition, Sunoco has adhered to the Flow Reversal Guidelines established by PHMSA. PHMSA has issued an Advisory Bulletin to alert hazardous liquid and gas transmission pipeline operators of the impacts associated with flow reversals, product changes, and conversions to service. The Advisory, issued in conjunction with newly-published Agency Guidance on these issues, recommends that operators consult existing conversion of service requirements for flow reversals and product changes and undertake additional actions in order to ensure integrity and safety.

While acknowledging in the associated Guidance that the Agency's recommended practices are not required, PHMSA nevertheless makes a number of suggestions, including that operators consider pressure testing the entire pipeline prior to flow reversals on gas and liquid pipelines and prior to significant product changes on liquid lines.

In order to address the Flow Reversal Guidance, the PUC Pipeline Safety Staff has reviewed and inspected the following to ensure Sunoco was able to demonstrate voluntary compliance:

- a) impacts to O&M,
- b) emergency plans,
- c) operator qualification training,
- d) emergency responder training,
- e) public awareness,
- f) spill response,
- g) maps and records.

3. Does this old 12-inch pipe contain shut off valves for emergency shut off in the event of a breach?

Answer:

Yes. Sunoco/ETP has a total of eight (8) valve locations on the 24.5 miles of GRE 12 reversal section. Six (6) of these valve locations contain Emergency Flow Restricting Devices ("EFRD") and two are manual valves. All manual valves are within the locked fencing and are secured by an additional lock on the valve itself to prevent unauthorized or accidental operation.

The PUC Pipeline Safety staff and PHMSA have held lengthy discussions with Sunoco about valve placement and locations for the EFRD automated valves on the 24.5-mile section of the GRE line.

As a result of PUC Pipeline Safety staff concerns and discussions, Sunoco has presented a change to the EFRD locations. Sunoco reduced the distance between the EFRDs. Sunoco changed a planned manual operated valve to an EFRD and thus reduced the distance between automated valves. Sunoco also changed the EFRD location at the southern point of the GRE section.

The PUC Pipeline Safety Division has reviewed the valve locations and has identified the valve locations and spacing within the school districts. PUC Pipeline Safety also reviewed the distance between the valves and has verified installed fencing, and plans to install fencing, at each of these locations.

Finally, I strongly urge that the above-mentioned schools actively partner with the County Emergency Manager to ensure that your "all hazards" plan and evacuation plans are up to date and incorporate all pipeline hazards. I would offer to meet with you to discuss the Sunoco projects and facilities and answer any other questions regarding pipeline safety that you may have.

Thank you again for your interest in these issues.

Sincerely,



Paul J. Metro
Manager, Safety Division
Investigation and Enforcement Bureau
Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission

CC: Gladys Brown, Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission Chairman
Richard A. Kanaskie, PUC Chief Prosecutor
Michael Swindler, Deputy Chief Prosecutor of Enforcement
Robert Horensky, Supervisor Pipeline Safety Section